# Surface worm algorithm for Abelian gauge-Higgs systems at finite density

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#### Gauge-Higgs systems at finite density

- At finite density:  $e^{-S(\mu)}$  is complex for  $\mu > 0$ .
- The complex phase problem is **solved** using: Dual representation.
- We generalized the worm algorithm to update the new type of dual variables:
  - Z<sub>3</sub> and U(1) gauge-Higgs models coupled to one scalar field: C. Gattringer and A. Schmidt (PRD 2012).
     YD, C. Gattringer, A. Schmidt, Comput. Phys. Commun. (2013).
  - U(1) gauge-Higgs model with two flavors of opposite charge: YD, C. Gattringer, A. Schmidt, 1307.6120 [hep-lat].

#### The Z<sub>3</sub> gauge-Higgs model

• Conventional representation

$$S_{G} = -\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{x} \sum_{\nu < \rho} \left[ U_{x,\nu\rho} + U_{x,\nu\rho}^{*} \right] ,$$
  

$$S_{H} = -\kappa \sum_{x,\nu} \left[ e^{\mu \delta_{\nu,4}} \phi_{x}^{*} U_{x,\nu} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}} + e^{-\mu \delta_{\nu,4}} \phi_{x}^{*} U_{x-\hat{\nu},\nu}^{*} \phi_{x-\hat{\nu}} \right] ,$$

$$U_{x,\nu}, \phi_x \in Z_3 = \{1, e^{i2\pi/3}, e^{-i2\pi/3}\}.$$

Dual representation

$$Z \propto \sum_{\{p,k\}} \mathcal{W}[p,k] \mathcal{C}_S[k] \mathcal{C}_L[p,k] ,$$

$$p_{x,\nu\rho} \in \{-1, 0, +1\}, k_{x,\nu} \in \{-1, 0, +1\}$$

C. Gattringer and A. Schmidt (PRD 2012).

#### **Constraints**

• Triality function:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n \mod 3 = 0\\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

• Site constraint  $\Rightarrow$  matter loops

$$\mathcal{C}_S[k] = \prod_x T\left(\sum_{\nu=1}^4 [k_{x,\nu} - k_{x-\hat{\nu},\nu}]\right)$$

• Link constraint  $\Rightarrow$  gauge surfaces





### Local Metropolis Update

• Plaquette update:



• Cube update:



#### **Elements of the SWA**

• Take smallest unit of the local update:



• Relax the constraints in 2 elements  $\rightarrow$  segments



**①** One link is inserted at a random position of the lattice  $L_0$ .



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- **③** The worm ends modifying the link occupation number at  $L_v$ .



#### Checking correctness of the SWA...

<U>

κ = 0.5  $\mu = 0$ 0.8 Mage . 3.0 0.6  $\mu = 0$  case 2.0 0.4 1.0 0.2 × conventional LMA \* SWA 0.0 ×0.0 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.8 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.4 0.6 0.8 ß ß n χ<sub>n</sub> • LMA \* SWA  $\kappa = 0.1$ 2.5  $\beta = 0.6$ 2.0 2.0 1.5  $\mu \neq 0$  case sign problem solved! 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.0 0.0 2.0 2.5 3.0 u 1.0 1.5 2.5 1.0 1.5 3.0 u

χυ

#### SWA vs. LMA

- $\langle U \rangle$  function of plaquettes.
- *n* function of temporal links.



#### Y. Delgado (KFU)

## The U(1) gauge-Higgs model

• Conventional representation

$$S_{G} = -\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{x} \sum_{\nu < \rho} \left[ U_{x,\nu\rho} + U_{x,\nu\rho}^{*} \right] ,$$
  

$$S_{H} = + \sum_{x} \left[ \kappa |\phi_{x}|^{2} + \lambda |\phi_{x}|^{4} \right] - \sum_{x,\nu} \left[ \phi_{x}^{*} U_{x,\nu} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}} + \phi_{x}^{*} U_{x-\hat{\nu},\nu}^{*} \phi_{x-\hat{\nu}} \right] ,$$

$$U_{x,\nu} \in U(1)$$
 ;  $\phi_x \in \mathbb{C}$ .

Dual representation

$$Z \propto \sum_{\{p,kl\}} \mathcal{W}[p,k,l] \mathcal{C}_S[k] \mathcal{C}_L[p,k] ,$$

 $p_{x,\nu\rho} \in (-\infty, +\infty)$ ,  $k_{x,\nu} \in (-\infty, +\infty)$ ,  $l_{x,\nu} \in [0, +\infty)$ 

#### The SWA also works for the U(1) model



#### SWA vs. LMA

- $\langle U \rangle$  function of plaquettes.
- $\langle |\phi|^2 \rangle$  function of links.

Close to the 1st order transition.  $\kappa=5,\beta=0.65,\lambda=1$  Links are expensive.  $\kappa = 8, \beta = 1.1, \lambda = 1$ 



#### SWA and the 2 flavor Abelian-Higgs model

• Action on the lattice (see talk by A. Schmidt and plenary talk by C. Gattringer)

$$S_{G} = -\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{x} \sum_{\nu < \rho} \left[ U_{x,\nu\rho} + U_{x,\nu\rho}^{*} \right] \qquad \phi_{x}^{i} \in \mathbb{C} ; U_{x,\nu} = e^{iA_{\nu}} \in U(1)$$

$$S_{H}^{1} = \sum_{x} \left[ M^{2} |\phi_{x}^{1}|^{2} + \lambda |\phi_{x}^{1}|^{4} \right] - \sum_{x,\nu} \left[ e^{-\mu\delta_{\nu4}} \phi_{x}^{1*} U_{x,\nu} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}}^{1} + e^{\mu\delta_{\nu4}} \phi_{x}^{1*} U_{x-\hat{\nu},\nu} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}}^{1} \right]$$

$$S_{H}^{2} = \sum \left[ M^{2} |\phi_{x}^{2}|^{2} + \lambda |\phi_{x}^{2}|^{4} \right] - \sum \left[ e^{-\mu\delta_{\nu4}} \phi_{x}^{2*} U_{x,\nu}^{*} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}}^{2} + e^{\mu\delta_{\nu4}} \phi_{x}^{2*} U_{x-\hat{\nu},\nu} \phi_{x+\hat{\nu}}^{2} \right]$$

Dual representation (YD, C. Gattringer, A. Schmidt, 1307.6120)

 $x, \nu$ 

$$Z \propto \sum_{\{p,k^1,k^2,l^1,l^2\}} \mathcal{W}[p,k,l] \ \mathcal{C}_S[k^1] \ \mathcal{C}_S[k^2] \ \mathcal{C}_L[p,k^1,k^2]$$

- Update of constrained variables:
  - SWA for each variable.
  - Sweep of winding loops made of both constrained variables.

x

#### Summary

- Considerable progress was made towards rewriting several systems in the dual representation, where the sign problem is solved.
- We are able to explore the complete phase diagram of the U(1) gauge-Higgs model.
- We developed an efficient algorithm for the update of the dual variables.
- Outlook:
  - Phase diagram at finite density.
  - Application to condensed matter physics.
  - Dual representation of non-abelian theories??

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#### Thank you for your attention!